Under California law, a limited liability partnership that provides professional legal services is not entitled to limitation of liability for acts, errors, or omissions arising out of the rendering of such services unless the partnership has a currently effective certificate of registration issued by the State Bar.¹ These rules apply to California limited liability partnerships issued a certificate of registration by the State Bar in accordance with these rules.² These rules refer to such certified partnerships as “limited liability partnerships.”

Rule 3.170 adopted March 6, 2010; approved by the Supreme Court effective November 1, 2011. Amended March 2, 2012; amendment approved by the Supreme Court effective December 1, 2014.

Rule 3.171 Eligibility

(A) A limited liability partnership certified by the California Secretary of State pursuant to Corporations Code Sections 16953 or 16959 may apply for State Bar certification as a limited liability partnership, provided each partner is an active licensee of the State Bar,³ licensed and entitled to practice law in another jurisdiction, or a law corporation that is licensed or entitled to practice law.

(B) A partner or an employee of a limited liability partnership who practices law in California must be an active licensee of the State Bar or otherwise authorized to practice law in California.

(C) The name proposed for the limited liability partnership must include "Registered Limited Liability Partnership," “Limited Liability Partnership,” “L.L.P.,” “LLP,” “R.L.L.P.,” or “RLLP.”

Rule 3.171 adopted March 6, 2010; approved by the Supreme Court effective November 1, 2011; amended effective January 25, 2019.

¹ Corporations Code § 16306(f).
² Business and Professions Code §§ 6174-6174.5.
³ Business and Professions Code § 6125.
Rule 3.172  Application for certification as a limited liability partnership

(A) To apply to be certified as a limited liability partnership an applicant must

(1) submit an Application for Certification as a Limited Liability Partnership with the application fee set forth in the Schedule of Charges and Deadlines;

(2) submit on a separate State Bar form a statement that the limited liability partnership has complied with any security requirement prescribed by statute\(^4\) and these rules; and

(3) verify compliance with the eligibility requirements of these rules; a partner licensed in a foreign country but not in California or any other United States jurisdiction must provide by a certificate issued by the authority having final jurisdiction over the practice of law verifying admission to the practice law, the date of admission, and current good standing, along with an English translation if the certificate is not in English.

(B) The effective date of certification as a limited liability partnership is the date the State Bar receives a complete application.\(^5\) The State Bar has discretion to grant a later effective date requested by the applicant.

Rule 3.172 adopted March 6, 2010; approved by the Supreme Court effective November 1, 2011. Amended March 2, 2012; amendment approved by the Supreme Court effective December 1, 2014.

Rule 3.173  Amendment or abandonment of incomplete application

If the State Bar notifies an applicant that an Application for Certification as a Limited Liability Partnership is incomplete or otherwise fails to comply with application requirements, it must provide the applicant at least sixty days to amend the application. If the applicant fails to meet application requirements within this time, the application is deemed withdrawn.

Rule 3.173 adopted March 6, 2010; approved by the Supreme Court effective November 1, 2011.

Rule 3.174  Duties of a limited liability partnership

(A) To maintain certification as a limited liability partnership in California, a limited liability partnership must have a currently effective certificate of registration issued by the State Bar, submit an Annual Renewal with any required fee,\(^6\) and otherwise comply with these rules and applicable law.

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\(^4\) Business and Professions Code § 6174.5.

\(^5\) Rule 1.24.

\(^6\) Rule 3.176.
(B) The limited liability partnership may practice law only under the name certified by the Secretary of State and approved by the State Bar. Use of the name must comply with the requirements of the Rules of Professional Conduct.

(C) A limited liability partnership employing an attorney who has resigned, been disbarred, been suspended from the practice of law, or resigned with charges pending

(1) may not permit the attorney to practice law or represent that he or she is available to practice law and must supervise the performance of any duties assigned to such an attorney; and

(2) must remove the name of any attorney who is disbarred or resigned with charges pending from its business name, signs, advertisements, letterhead, and other materials within sixty days of the disbarment or resignation.

Rule 3.174 adopted March 6, 2010; approved by the Supreme Court effective November 1, 2011.

Rule 3.175 Special reports

A limited liability partnership must report within forty-five days any change in name used for the practice of law, partner authorized to act on its behalf, address, or e-mail address.

Rule 3.175 adopted March 6, 2010; approved by the Supreme Court effective November 1, 2011.

Rule 3.176 Annual renewal

(A) A limited liability partnership must annually renew its certification as a limited liability partnership by submitting an Annual Renewal with the fee set forth in the Schedule of Charges and Deadlines. The Annual Renewal must report any changes to the information last provided in an Annual Renewal or Special Report. The deadline for submission of the Annual Renewal and the amount of the fee are set forth in the Schedule of Charges and Deadlines.

(B) A limited liability partnership that fails to submit a complete Annual Renewal and fee is suspended and loses its status as a limited liability partnership. It may be reinstated upon submission within one year of the renewal, fee, and any penalty. If the suspension lasts more than one year, the certification of the limited liability partnership is involuntarily terminated.

7 Corporations Code § 16952.
8 See especially Rules of Professional Conduct, Rule 7.5.
9 Business & Professions Code § 6133. See Rule 5.3.1, Rules of Professional Conduct of the State Bar of California.
10 Business & Professions Code § 6132.
Rule 3.177 Security

(A) A limited liability partnership must maintain security for claims against it for acts, errors, and omissions arising out of the practice of law as required by Corporations Code Section 16956(a)(2).

(B) The security for claims required by Corporations Code Section 16956(a)(2) includes

1. any person, law corporation, or other entity that practices law on behalf of the limited liability partnership or that the limited liability partnership holds out as being of counsel or otherwise available to practice law on its behalf; and

2. any association that has a continuous relationship with the limited liability partnership for the practice of law or that holds out the limited liability partnership, with the consent of the limited liability partnership, as being of counsel or otherwise available to practice law on behalf of the association.

Rule 3.178 Voluntary termination of certification

To terminate State Bar certification, a limited liability partnership must provide the State Bar with a document certified by the Secretary of State showing that the limited liability partnership is no longer a limited liability partnership. The termination is effective as of the date that the Secretary of State dissolved the limited liability partnership.

Rule 3.179 Involuntary termination of certification

(A) The State Bar must terminate certification of a limited liability partnership if there is only one partner in the limited liability partnership or it is notified that the limited liability partnership has been suspended by the California Secretary of State. Termination is effective immediately.

(B) A limited liability partnership that is suspended for more than one year for failure to submit a complete Annual Renewal and fee is terminated. Termination is effective the day after the one year anniversary of the suspension.

(C) The State Bar may terminate the certification of a limited liability partnership for failure to comply with these rules or applicable law. Except as this rule provides

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11 Rule 3.176(B).
otherwise, termination is effective sixty days after the State issues a notice to the limited liability partnership stating the grounds for the termination. The partnership may request Supreme Court review of any termination.\textsuperscript{12}

Rule 3.179 adopted March 6, 2010; approved by the Supreme Court effective November 1, 2011. Amended March 2, 2012; amendment approved by the Supreme Court effective December 1, 2014.

Rule 3.180  Public information

State Bar records regarding the certification of a limited liability partnership are public information, except for correspondence, internal memoranda, complaints, and any other document for which disclosure is prohibited by law.

Rule 3.180 adopted March 6, 2010; approved by the Supreme Court effective November 1, 2011.

\textsuperscript{12} Rule of Court 9.13(d).