

**SUPPLEMENTAL STATISTICS REPORT FOR THE
CALIFORNIA BAR EXAMINATION**

School Number: [School Code Number]
 School Name: [Name of School]
 Number of First Timers: [Number] Percent Passing: [Percent]
 Number of Total Takers: [Number] Percent Passing: [Percent]

<u>Group</u>	Mean Scale Scores					
	First-Timers			All Takers		
	<u>MBE</u>	<u>Written</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>MBE</u>	<u>Written</u>	<u>Total</u>
[Name of School]	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX
[School Category]	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX
California	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX

<u>Score Type</u>	<u>Comparative Index (California Overall)</u>	<u>Comparative Index (School Category)</u>
MBE Raw Scores		
Con Law	xx	xx
Contracts	xx	xx
Criminal	xx	xx
Evidence	xx	xx
Property	xx	xx
Torts	xx	xx
MBE Scale	xx	xx
Written Scores		
Essay Question 1	xx	xx
Essay Question 2	xx	xx
Essay Question 3	xx	xx
Essay Question 4	xx	xx
Essay Question 5	xx	xx
Essay Question 6	xx	xx
PT-A	xx	xx
PT-B	xx	xx
Written Scale	xx	xx
Total Scale	xx	xx

The comparative index is based solely on first time takers. Results for schools with fewer than 30 students may be unreliable and should be interpreted with caution. The first column indicates the extent to which a school's mean score was higher or lower than the mean of all California first timers. The last column shows the corresponding results for your school type. Index scores usually range between -1.00 and +1.00. Regardless of their algebraic sign, values between 1.00 and 2.00 are considered large and those over 2.00 are very large. A positive value indicates the school's mean is above the reference group (e.g., all California first timers). A negative value indicates the opposite. The comparative index allows for direct comparisons among the various parts of the examination by controlling for differences in test difficulty and score spread among these sections. The formula for computing the index value for the first column is as follows:

$$\text{Index} = (\text{Your school's mean} - \text{California's mean}) / \text{California's standard deviation}$$

The formula for computing the index value for the last column is as follows:

$$\text{Index} = (\text{Your school's mean} - \text{Your school type's mean}) / \text{Your school type's standard deviation}$$